At the Opera House Last Evening-Japan

The illustrated lecture on the "Paris

Exposition" by Donald Downie B. C. L.,

given at the Opera House last evening

was witnessed by a good and appreciative audience. This was the first of

series of six lectures and judging from

the one given last night no one should

miss these highly instructive and pleas

"Devil's Mine" a Big Go.

French Canadlan Commits One of th

Queuec, Feb. 25 .- Rodolfe Du Bois,

who murdered his wife, mother-in-law

and two children Sunday, in the village

of St. Alban, was captured late Sunday

night. Du Bois was born in Canada

but was brought up in the United States.

where he learned to speak English very

well. This fact got him the nick-name

of "frishman" among his fellow parish-ionem in St. Alban. He was a begger by profession and for more success in this business associated himself with his brother-in-law, Thibault, who is blind. Du Boise is of colossal statue and is ex-ceedingly describes. Two research of the colossal statue and is ex-

IRON AND STEEL WORKERS

WHEELING, W. VA., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1890.

VOLUME XXXVIII---NUMBER 159.

ATKINSON-PENDLETON

Case Will Come Up To-Day in the House of Representatives.

WORLD'S FAIR SITUATION

Chicago Not Yet Entirely Safe, Bu Itensonably So-The Call-Chandler Enisode in the Senate-Mr. Call's Violation of Rules and Apology.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer Washington, D. C., Feb. 25.—Hon, G. W. Atkinson arrived to-day. His case is the special order of the House to-mor row. No such scenes as those attending the Smith-Jackson contest are antici pated. The arguments will be formal. not too long drawn out Atkinson will be seated to-morrow night. It is probable, however, that after hearing part of th arguments, it will be agreed to let the vote follow on Thursday. This will depend largely on the condition of the Republican forces.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

The World's Fair excitement is rapidly dying down. The defeated contest ants have all expressed the utmost cor-diality for Chicago, but there are many prophesies made to the effect that all is not plain sailing yet. This feeling is caused by the popular belief that the Senate will not pass the Chicago bill. Chicago men say this is entirely un-founded, and they are probably correct. The Senate will not hesitate long over any fair bill that would come from the The Senate will not hesitate long over any fair bill that would come from the House in good form, and backed by a reasonable amount of enthusiasm, but danger remains still in the House from the Southern element, which almost went solidly from St. Louisto New York in the office to be Chieges and St. in the effort to beat Chicago, and from in the effort to beat Chicago, and from a spirit of revenge lurking among a few Northern members. These factions will doubtless show their hands as soon as the special committee reports back the fair bill. Their strength cannot be estimated, and there is only a possibility that it will be enough to delay and finally harass the project to death. As the matter now stands Chicago men are confident that the fight in Congress is practically done.

THE CALL-CHANDLER EPISODE. The Debate on the Resolution of Censure

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 25 .- In the debate on the resolution offered yesterday in the Senate by Mr. Chandler censuring Mr. Call for interpolating in the official report of the proceedings of the Senate a paragraph that had not been spoken and that was unparliamentary and personally offensive, Mr. Call gave notice to the Senator from New Hamp-shire, who had arraigned him (Mr. Chandler) before the Senate, and would demand an investigation by the committee for making an accusation that was untrue. The remarks of the Senator proved that he knew that the accusation was not true. He (Mr. Call) would convict the Senator on evidence of his own (that would aslo convict him before a jury of respectable New Hampshire Republicans) that he did hear and knew that he (Mr. Call) had uttered on the floor of the Senate substantially the the floor of the Senate substantially the the floor of the Senate substantially the whole of the charge contained in the paragraph, and, with a very few exceptions, every word contained in it. He gave notice to that Senator that he (Mr. Call) would not submit tamely to the imputation put upon him. He would not ask the censure by the Senate of the Senator from New Hamspire, but he would leave him to the just judgment of public opinion throughout the courtry, for having heard his (Mr. Call's) remarks and having had neither the courmarks and having had neither the cour marks and having had neither the cour-age nor the manhood to resent them.

MR. SHERMAN ON THE FLOOR. Mr. Sherman declared that the rule of the Senate had just been violated by the Senator; but the record would show what he said, and he hoped that the Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. committee would examine it. When the Senate of the United States came to such a condition that the charge of cowardice could be applied to a Senator, Duncan, Grangeville; Jacob Piles, ardice could be applied to a Senator, and that a Senator could be charged with stating a thing falsely, it seemed to him that the Senate was receding from the dignity which had distinguished it from the foundation moment. He hoped the Senator from Florida would read every report of what he had said and not have published in the Record language which in any general assembly in the world would be regarded as disorderly and improper.

proper.
Mr. Call—If I have violated any rule of the Senate by any observations which I have made to-day, or formerly, I with-draw them and I apologize to the

Senate.

Mr. Chandler—If—

Mr. Call—I did not understand that I was violating any rule. If I am not at liberty, when a resolution reflecting on me is offered here, to state that it is not true, and that I can prove that it is not true, and that the Senator, when he made the charge, knew that it was not true, then I do not understand the rules. true, then I do not understand the rules of the Senate. But if, in the judgment of any senator, it is improper to use that language, I withdraw it, and apologize

for it.

Mr. Chandler—I will not reply to the
Senator from Florida this morning in
unparliamentary language. I have stated in the resolution which is now before the Senate, and which I am willing to have referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections, what the conduct of the Senator from Florida has been. I have recited the words which he used, and the alterations which he made in the official report. The facts are stated in the preamble.

THE WORST OF ALL. The Senator used language about m which I did not hear. He wrote language in the report accusing me of all the crimes in the decalogue. And he has now, this morning, charged me with being a coward for not replying to that which I did not hear and that which he and a did not hear and that which he afterwards wrote in the Record report. When the Senate has decided what language it is parliamentary to use, I will take occasion to defend myself from all the imputations of the Senator from Florida.

DON'T REST ON THE VICTORY.

Chicagoans Will Lievise the World's Fair

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—The Chicago people are not resting upon their victory in the House yesterday, but are making every effort to expedite legislative action every effort to expedite legislative action upon the World's Fair bill. They do-black smoke ascended two hundred feet, sire some changes in the general bill reported, and say that it was the under-borted, and say that it was the underported, and say that it was the understanding all along that when the site had been named its representatives should be allowed to shape the measure, within reasonable limits, to suit their necessities. There was for a time an expectation that either by increasing the memition of the memition of

ly vested in the representatives of the winning city; but the Chicagoans have abandoned this idea, confident that they can rely upon the loyal support of the committee as at present constituted.

The special committee is to meet to-morrow, and will probably hear leading Chicago men as to the further procedure. Undoubtedly the committee will be requested to go itself or send a sub-committee to Chicago to look over the site for the fair. If this request cannot be granted, then an effort will be made to bring before the committee here a number of Chicago's prominent citizens, and particually those who have interested themselves actively in Chicago's efforts to secure the fair. There is no expressed fear of any further opposition in the House or Senate to the perfection of the Chicago bill.

On Which Washington's Expectation Went to Pieces - All Her Hopes No. Gone,

Washington, D. C., Feb. 25 .- The Post, in its editorial on the verdict of the House, says: The plea of non-sectionalism and non-partisanship, that in the normal fitness of things should have prevailed, and prevailing would have

ffair.
It will now devolve upon the Senate It will now devolve upon the Sonate to indorse or antagonize the action of the House—to fall in with the tide, or make one last heroic effort to turn it upon a higher level. It is hardly conceivable, however, that Senators will so far fail to appreciate the duty that the Government owes to itself in the premises as not to insist that the National Capital shall be made in some part a sharer in the fortheoming commemmeration; that the Government shall not be permitted to entirely shiftly and be permitted to entirely stultify and to be said of the American Congress that it sacrificed the glories of the Quad-Centennial year to the cheapness of party politics, or still cheaper ideas of

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 25.—The Senate Committee on Agriculture and Forestry to-day had under consideration Forestry to-day had under consideration the Faulkner pure food bill, which establishes a burean in the Agricultural Department with authority to inspect and analyze specimens of food and drugs, and with power to seize and destroy articles deleterious to health. The gentlemen who were before the House Committee on Agriculture last week, when the Conger pure lard bill was under consideration, were present with the committee to-day and expressed their satisfaction with the Faulkner bill, if any legislation on the subject was to be enacted at all. Several unimportant amendments were proposed and the bill amendments were proposed and the bill will be put into shape by a sub-commit-tee for action at the next meeting of the

Presidential Appointments.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25 .- The President nominations: Harold M. Sawall, o mominations: Haroid J. Sewan, or Maine, to be Consul General of the United States at Apia. To be Consuls of the United States: Henry W. Andrews, of Ohio, at Hankow; John Fowler, of Massachusetts, at Ningpo; William B. McCreery, of Michigan, at Valparaiso; John Steel Twells, of Pennsylvania, at Naules.

paraiso; John Sicel Twells, of Pennsylvania, at Naples.
Treasury—Charles E. Fitch, Collector of Internal Revenue, Twenty-eighth district, New York; Richard G. Banks, Collector of Customs for the district of Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va.; Elwood W. Mattson, Surveyor of Customs at Chatta-nooga, Tenn.; Robert N. Pearson, Ap-praiser of Merchandise at Chicago.

West Virginia Pensions.

as follows: Original invalid—Moses S. Duncan, Grangeville; Jacob Piles, Mooresvile. Increase—William Kirkle, New Haven; Harrison Rice, Pt. Pleasant; Peter Mason Grangeville; Thomas J. Hughes, Little Sandy Forks; Samuel I. Brown. Buckhannon; John H. Jordan, Adlai; Leonard Wile, Rowlesburg; Eli J. Eddy, Conaway; Charles I. Fleming Rivesvilla. Lipsaville. Steeley ing, Rivesville; Granville Stealey, Clarksburg; Jacob Ash, Flint; William Clarksburg; Jacob Ash, Flint; William W. Neptune, Highland; Daniel Skidmore, Milton; Sylvester Lipscomb, Rowlesburg; Joseph F. Ball, Shermah; Charles S. Fortney, Austin; James Bowman, St. Albans; Thomas Witherow, Raymond City; John Hardesty, Rowlesburg; Wirt Phillips, Fronch Creek; William L. Safreed, Sherman.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 25 .- A pat ent was granted to-day to James M Hall, C. Morris and W. S. Hamilton, of Ritchie Court House, for furniture

West Virginia postmasters appointed to-day: H. E. Sarger, vice R. Lower, resigned, Eldora, Marion county; E. M. Kirk, vice G. W. Lake, removed, Neel, arion county.

It Beat the Record.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 25 .- The linner given to-night by Mr. Andrew Carnegie to the President and Cabine and the delegates and officers of the Inter-national American Conference, was un-undoubtedly the most elegant affair of the kind ever given in Washington and perhaps the United States. There were no formal speeches.

MONTGOMERY, MINN., Feb. 25 .double murder and suicide occurred of Frank Wash, about four miles from Montgomery, Thomas Yindra shot and instantly killed Miss Lizzie Wash. He then shot Frank Weaner in the back, and ended the traged by blowing out his own brains. Jealousy is supposed to be the cause of the shooting.

A Terrific Sight. DAYTON, O., Feb. 25.—A terrific elec-

tric storm, with heavy rain, flooded the rivers here yesterday. Ripraps and levees were slashed out and a ten-inch natural gas main was torn away. The water of the creek shot into the air like

The Lancaster Bank Kobber

LANCASTER, PA., Feb. 25 .- Ellis E Bard, cashier of the Lincoln Nationa Bank, and P. W. Bull, his accessory tion that either by increasing the members, its control should be absolute.

Larged with robbing the hank of \$15, bership of the special committee or by 000, were given a hearing this afternoon the replacement of six of its present and held in \$15,000 bail for trial in the members, its control should be absolute.

WILL ADJOURN TO-DAY

The Extra Session of the Legis lature About to End.

WHAT IT COST THE PEOPLE

For Democratic Bosses to Carry Out The Plot to Cheat Goff Out of His Seat, Exclusive of the Expense of the Contest Committee.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., Feb. 25 .- The proceedings of the Senate this morning were opened with prayer by Rev. M. A. Davidson, of the M.E. Church South. A communication from the House of Deleed'to its disagreement to the Senate' amendments to House bill No. 28, (the ballot bill) and agreed to the conference requested by the Senate and had appointed Messrs. Vrooman, Sydenstricke

prevailed, and prevailing would have settled the location in favor of Washington on the first ballot, proved in reality the rock upon which her expectations went to pieces. Probably the Senato, in its greater wisdom and more conservative temper, may arrive at a different conclusion and necessitate a conference, of which the result remains to be seen.

Thus far, in the fierce and heated rivalry between Chicago and New York, the inland town has carried its point. It might be remarked in this connection, politically speaking, that the influence of the South went-largely in the wrong direction, but this is the South's own affair.

It will now develop a service of the service and nata appointed Messrs. Vrooman, Sydenstricker and Sprigg, as managers on the part of the House and Sprigg, as managers on the part of the House and Sprigg, as managers on the part of the House and Sprigg, as managers on the part of the House and Sprigg, as managers on the part of the House and Sprigg, as managers on the part of the House and Sprigg, as managers on the part of the House and Sprigg, as managers on the part of the House and Sprigg, as managers on the part of the House and Sprigg, as managers on the part of the House and Sprigg, as managers on the part of the House and Sprigg, as managers on the part of the House and Sprigg, as managers on the part of the House and Sprigg, as managers on the part of the House and Sprigg, as managers on the House a

the joint committee except Mr. Kirk, who disagreed with the report, protested against the allowance of any appropriation of public money recommended in the report, and recommended that the Senate recede from the amendment. The report was received and read.

House joint resolution No. 16, providing for the appointment at each regular session of a joint committee to examine the executive offices, coming up in regular order, was rejected by a vote of 9 to 9.

A message from the House announced

In regular order, was rejected by a vote 1 of 9 to 9.

A message from the House announced that the House had refused to concur in the recommendations of the conference committee on the disagreeing votes of the two houses in regard to the Senate's amendments to House bill No. 30. On motion of Senator Carr (Senator Sweeny in the chair) the rules were suspended and House bill No. 35 was read a third time and passed with its tile, and Senator Gettinger was appointed to communicate the same to the House.

THE BALLOT BILL.

Mr. Oxley, of the conference committee on the disagreeing votes of the two houses on the Senate's amendments to the Wilson hallot bill, submitted a very volusinous report recommending that the Senate recede from the most important amendments proposed by the Senate Judiciary Committee, and that the House agree to all the others. In this report Senators Morris and Lowther did not agree, and made a minority report recommending that the Senato refuse to recede from its amendments. The report was received and read. A message report was received and read. A message from the House announced that the House had agreed to the recommendations of the majority of the conference committee on the Wilson ballot bill. Senator Oxley moved that the Senato adopt the recommendations of the majority of the conference committee, on the disagreeing votes in regard to the Senate amendments to the ballot bill, which gave rise to a rather interesting debate, participated in by several members.

bers.
Upon an aye and no vote being taken Upon an aye and no vote being taken, the motion was lost by a vote of 8 to 7. On motion of Mr. McCreery House bill No. 30, with the report of the conference committee, was taken up. The same gentleman then moved that the Senate recede from its amendments which were disagreed to by the House, and the motion was carried by a vote of 11 to 6. Mr. Campbell then moved that the bill be placed upon its passage, which prevailed. During the roll call on this motion quite a number of Senators, who tion quite a number of Senators, who were present, failed to vote, and Senator Davis demanded a call of the Senate Davis demanded a call of the Senate. The few spectators present made a rush for the door, thinking they might be caught on the inside, but upon the roll being called by the clerk eighteen Senators answered to their names, and as a quorum was present, the clerk again proceeded to call the roll on the passage of the bill, which passed with its title by a vote of 12 to 2. The bill was then put into effect from its passage by motion of Mr. McCreery.

Mr. McCreery.

House bill No. 34, concerning elections and nominating conventions, com-ing up in regular order, was read a sec-ond time. Several amendments were proposed to the bill, but all were voted down and the bill ordered to its third eading.

The House met at 10:30 o'clock this morning, and the proceedings were opened with prayer by Rev. M. A. Da-vidson, of the M. E. Church, South. A

vidson, of the M. E. Church, South. A message from the Senate, by Senator Gettinger, announced that the Senate had agreed to the House's amendment to Senate joint resolution No. 10, providing for the adjournment of the present session of the Legislature.

On motion of Mr. Parrish, the House reconsidered the vote by which, on yesterday, it refused to agree to House joint resolution No. 13, authorizing the Governor to sell certain guns to Grand Army posts, as amended by the Senate, and the question then recurring on agreeing to the resolution as amended, it was agreed to by a vote of 3 to 15,

the resolution as amended, it was agreed to by a vote of 3 to 15, Mr. Shanklin, from the committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two houses upon the amdments proposed by the Senate to House bill No. 30, (the appropriation bill) offered the report, the gist of which appears in the Senate proceedings. A vote was taken by ayes and noes and the House refused to agree to the report of the committee by a vote of 19 ayes to 25 noes.

Mr. Sprigg, on behalf of the conference committee on the disagreement of the two houses to the Senate's amendments to the ballot bill, presented the report of

two notices to the senate's amendments to the ballot bill, presented the report of the committee, in which Senators Morris and Lowther did not concur, which report was received and its recommendations agreed to.

House Joint resolution No. 19, offered by Mr. Davies, was agreed to.

WHAT IT COST. House bill No. 31, appropriating money to pay the expenses of the extra session,

was taken up, amended, read a third

was taken up, amended, read a third time, and passed. The bill is as follows:

To pay for mileage allowed to members of the Senate, for the extra session commencing on the 15tk day of January, 1890, the sum of the Senate, from the 15th of January, to the 20th day of 1890, the sum of the Senate, from the 15th of January, to the 20th day of 1890, the sum of 1890, the 20th day of 1890, the sum of 1890, the 20th day of 1890, the 1890, the 20th day of 1890, the 1890, the 20th day of 1890, the 1890, the 1890, the 20th day of 1890, the 1

The characteristic field and select the folial capital investions of privilege, claimed that the Sergeantities of the committee of the property of the people, for this section of privilege, claimed that the Sergeantities of the committee of the privilege claimed that the Sergeantities of the Sergeantit

UNFORTUNATE OCCURRENCE.

ol Children Expelled and Sectaria PITTSFIELD, Mass., Feb. 25 .- Consid rable feeling has resulted in educaional circles from the action taken by Principal; Walsh, of the High School, who expelled six scholars, children of Roman Catholic residents of the town, About a week ago, in the regular course of the study of history, the class came to the subject of the Reformation in Myers ot the study of history, the class came to the subject of the Reformation in Myers' Mediavival History, which is considered very liberal by the school committee, Six scholars refused to learn the prescribed lesson on religious grounds. Principal Walsh told the pupils that they need not study that portion of the book if their parents wouldsend him notice giving them permission to skip obnoxious chapters. A few days later he received a sort of "round robin" document signed by the parents of the scholars, declaring their opposition to the study of the Reformation by the children. Walsh was not satisfied with this and demanded that he should have a personal notice from each parent. This was refused and the suspension of the pupils followed. The school committee and Superintendent Day sustain the Principal in his action. It is feared that considerable trouble and hard feeling will result in consequence.

A FRUSTRATED SCHEME.

Ghouls Fall in an Attempt to Descrate Graves-Prominent Doctors Arrested. LOUISVILLE, KY., Feb. 25.—This city is all agog with excitement this morning on account of an attempt of three prominent local physicians of this city to rob the graves of Tom Johnson and Ed Pearce, who were buried at the New Ed Pearce, who were buried at the New Albany (Ind.) cemetery last Saturday. The men were to commit their deed early this morning and the storm seemed friendly to their plan, but the officers got wind of it and were in waiting. Dr. J. T. Blackburn and Dr. W. E. Grant were arrested and placed in jail. The third doctor fled and his identity is not known, and the negro accompanying the two, who drove the wagon, was shot dead as he started to run. A second colored man, who went along to help. dead as he started to run. A second colored man, who went along to help the ghouls, was also arrested. Medical students from this city are said to have robbed the same cemetery repeatedly. The offense is a felony in Indiana.

A NOVEL DUEL

The Same Pistol Serves two Mon in Shootin nt Each Other.
PIEDMONT, W. VA., Feb. 25.—The new nining town of Elkins was the scene o what is probably the most remarkable duel in history. Sunday night a coal miner named James Nee and a carpenter named Archer went on a drunk together, and going to a saloon kept by Mrs. Wise they drove the woman out of doors and wrecked the interior of the place. About the time they had completed the ruin the two men quarreled and they concluded to light a duel over the wreck of the bar. They had but one revolver and decided they should take turn about in shooting at each other. They agreed on filteen feet, nearly the length of the room, as the distance, and Archer got the first shot. His bullet plewed a groove in Nee's scalp. He then gave the pistol to Nee, and he fired at Archer and missed, Archer then took a second shot and missed, and handed the weapon over to Nee. This time Neetook hetter aim, and shot Archer through the hand. Before any more shots could be fired outsiders interfered and took the revolver away. and took the revolver away.

VANCOUVER, Feb. 25 .- Early this norning the county court house and jail were totally destroyed by fire, together with most of the county records. The building was valued at \$55,000; insur-ance \$25,000.

Something of an Oil Strike. Something of an un strike. Pittspungin, P.A., Feb. 25.—This afternoon an 500 barrel oil well was struck on the Ivory farm on the Perrysville road, just outside the limits of Allegheny

WHATEYER tends to increase usefulness, by banishing pain and suffering, will certainly secure notice and ap-proval, We allude to Salvation Oil.

THE WAYNESBURG HANGING

lark Will Die To-day—He is Very Norvou WAYNESBURG, PA., Feb. 25 .- A story was current to-day that George Clark, the condemned murderer, had taken poison, but the rumor is denied by the jail officials. The Governor has refused

REMARKABLE GROWTH

of the Methodist Episcopal Church is America-Bishop Foster's Reminisences.
Baltimore, Feb. 25.—Bishop Ranonference at Cumberland on March 5 an address to the Methodist Episcopal mong the colored population alone is reater than all the educational work of greater than all the educational work of forty years ago. Then he was rector of the Mulberry Street Church, New York City, and received \$1,250 a year salary, the largest paid to any minister, bishop or book agent at that time. Bishop Fos-ter has been a minister fifty-three years. He is 72 years old.

Commons yesterday, Mr. McMillan, of Huron, proposed the following resolu Huron, proposed the following resolu-tion: "That it is expedient to remove the duty on and place on the free list all grains and goods which do not ripen in Canada, but which are now largely im-ported and sown for the production of food for cattle under the system of feed-ing called soiling and ensilage, now largely adopted by the farmers of Cana-da." After three hours' debate the House divided and the motion was lost by 34 to 59.

Poor Kilrnin Still Keeping U

Founded a College,

TOPEKA, KANSAS, Feb. 25 .- Partic just in from the southern border of Kansas, state that hundreds of people are gathering there to enter the Cherc-kee strip when President Harrison shall declare it lawful to do so.

ered against him.

INSURE your life for 25 cents against all the danger of a consumptive's death by keeping a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Sprup convenient. It is the best,

To be Ciera of the Senate.

500 00
To the Good-Keeper.

500 00
To the Good-Keeper.

500 HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

To pay mileage of sixty-five members of the House of Delegates for the extra session commencing on the 15th day of January to the 20th day of February, 1890.

501 the House of Delegates.

502 00
Cierk of House of Delegates.

503 00
Cierk of House of Delegates.

504 00
To six committee Cierks.

505 00
To six committee Cierks.

506 00
To the Senate of Senat

ed express on the Fort Wayne Railroad, near Louisville, Ohio. A freight engi-neer discovered a pile of ties upon the track and removed the obstruction be-lore the express had arrived. Two at-tempts to wreck the same train were made near Louisville a year ago, and two young men are now serving terms in the penitentiary for placing the ob-structions. ed express on the Fort Wayne Railroad,

in an address to the Methodist Episcopal ministers on the work of the church, said that forty years ago the Methodist-Episcopalians numbered ; 700,000, and now they number 5,000,000. Then there were only three important educational institutions, while now there are a large number connected with the denomination, and the educational work among the coloral proportions.

OTTAWA, Feb. 25.—In the House of

New York, Feb. 25.-The grand jury o-day found two indictments against Cashier Vanzandt of the Lenox Hill bank, one for forgery and the other for back, one lor lorgery and the other for perjury in connection with the bank wrecking. Vanzandt has been arrested and placed under \$5,000 bail by Judge Martine in the court of session, which he had not secured when the district attorney's office closed.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—Dr. Paul Gibier of the Pasteur institute in this city, is receiving letters from all parts of the country asking how to determine whether dogs which have bitten persons are mad. He requests that in such cases a part of the brain of the dog be sent to him at once, in glycerine, and he will reply to questions without delay, otherwise he cannot explain.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 25 .- Kilrain has written to the Sun, to say that he goes to Hot Springs, not because of rheumatism or any active illness, but to make money. He was sick when he met Corbett who hit him in the eye with his elbow and would not give him a match afterward.

Baltimore, Feb. 25 .- Miss Susannah Warfield, a wealthy maiden lady, who died a few days ago at her home "Grove-land," Carroll county, has left all her property to found an Episcopal collegs which is to be named after her. The

CARLISLE, PA., Feb. 25.—Henry R. Moser, a lumber dealer of New Cumber-land, this county, failed to-day. Judgments to the amount of \$15,000 were en-

FIRST-CLASS SHOWING For the National Banks of West Virginia the Past Year. INTERESTING STATISTICS

Showing that These Institutions are

on a Solid Basis-Evidence of the Prosperity of the State-Earnings Remain in the State.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 25.—The officials of the Treasury Department have prepared some interesting statisti cal information relating to the Nationa banks of West Virginia, and as it makes a first-class showing for them, your correspondent has copied the

miss these highly instructive and pleasing entertainments. The subjects are well chosen and from an artistic point of view are the finest ever shown in this city. Mr. Downie is a pleasing talker, his descriptions being free from the hackneyed phrases so common with lecturers on the subjects treated.

Last evening the auditor was taken from New York City to Paris and through that marvelous exhibition of last year which challenged the admiration and wonder of the world, both in its stupendous greatness and its novelty of attractions. The pictures were so natural that one could almost imagine the original was before him. There were also some novel mechanical effects used in the production of the trip across the ocean and the illuminated fountains at the Exposition.

This evening's lecture will be accepted. following facts and figures which may be deemed of importance. ocean and the illuminated fountains at the Exposition.

This evening's lecture will be on "Japan," Of this lecture the New York World of a recent date says: "Donald Downie, B. O. L., entertained a large audience at the Union Square Theatre last night with a superbly illustrated lecture on Japan and the Japanese. Mr. Downie's discourse, which was very interesting throughout, was greatly added by the 100 colored views which portrayed the scenes and characters the lecturer dwelt upon." tional bank was organized in the State,

"Devil's Mine" a Big Go.

The success of the "Devil's Mine" company, which commenced a three nights' run at the Grand last Monday night, has been so great that Manager Genther has prevailed upon Manager Smith, of the "Devil's Mine" company to change his plans and stay in Wheeling for the balance of the week. Consequently "Devil's Mine," with its stirring scenes and incidents, its funny situations and pleasing specialties, will be presented every night this week and at the matinees this and Saturday afternoons. the matness this and caurday afternoons.

There was another good sized audience
witnessed the play last night and the
demonstrations of approval were cordial
and frequent. Included among the
specialty people is Miss Mabel Florence,
the great dancing soubrette, who was
formerly with Monroe & Rice's "My
Aunt Bridget" company. Seats can be
reserved for any of the performances at
Weir's,

with one or more endorsers, otherwise unsecured, \$4,161,072 \$1; on demand, with United States bonds, other bonds, stecks or collaterals as security, \$1,817 30; on time, with similar collaterals as security, \$253,360 \$5.

While the West Virginia National banks are required to keep a lawful money reserve of \$303,763, they actually hold as such reserve the much larger sum of \$1,116,289.

money reserve of \$503,763, they actually hold as such reserve the much larger sum of \$1,116,280.

Since the organization of the National banking system twenty-eight banks have been established in the State, but eight have ceased to do business, leaving, as stated, twenty in operation.

Eleven of the National banks of Weat Virginia have already had their corporate existence extended under the law.

MONEY-MAKING CAPACITY.

And now comes the very important matter of the money-making capacity of the local banks, for banks, like other business enterprises, are conducted for profit. It need hardly be said from what has gone before that the West Virginia banks are on a solid basis and yield a good return to their stockholders. This will be apparent from the following statement:

Their gross earnings for the year amounted to \$503,837 89. From this, however, there must be deducted for respenses and taxes, \$129,971 91. This leaves as the not cernings, \$203,489 35, They paid in dividends, \$146,676 75. The net earnings were \$8.75 per cent on the capital and surplus fund, while the dividends were \$6.32 per cent on the capital and surplus fund, while the dividends were \$6.32 per cent on the capital and surplus fund, while the dividends were \$6.32 per cent on the capital and surplus fund, while the dividends were \$6.32 per cent on the capital and surplus fund, while the dividends were \$6.32 per cent on the capital and surplus fund, while the dividends were \$6.32 per cent on the capital and surplus fund, while the dividends were \$6.32 per cent on the capital and surplus fund, while the dividends were \$6.32 per cent on the capital and surplus fund, while the dividends were \$6.32 per cent on the capital and surplus fund, while the dividends were \$6.32 per cent on the capital and surplus fund, while the dividends were \$6.32 per cent on the capital and surplus fund, while the dividends were \$6.32 per cent on the capital surplus fund.

net earnings were 8.75 per cent on the capital and surplus fund, while the dividends were 6.32 per cent on both capits and surplus and 7.90 per cent on th

WHO GETS THE PARNINGS Lastly, as to who gets this money brough the ownership of the banks, and t can be said that it remains in the State as the stock is principally held by the home people. More than this, the stock is pretty widely distributed, there being no less than 911 shareholders. But the figures will hest tell the story:

The total number of shares of stock issued by the West Virginia National banks, reduced to nay value of \$100 cech.

issued by the West Virginia National banks, reduced to par value of \$100 each, is 18,560. Of this number there is owned in the State 15,861 shares, and 2,099 shares are held by non-residents. The number of shares held by natural persons is 17,302, and 1,258 shares are in the possession of religious, charitable, and educational institutions. There are 903 natural persons who are shareholders, and eight corporations own stock, of which 723 are residents of the State and 188 are non-residents. The number of shareholders owning specific amounts of stock is as follows:

Owning shares to the par value of

Owning shares to the par value of \$1,000 and less, fivehundred and twenty-two; over \$1,000 and less than \$5,000, three hundred and sixteen; over \$5,000 and less than \$30,000, sixty-nine; over \$30,000, four. A County Treasurer's Shortage.
MITCHELL, S. D., Feb. 25.—Public Examiner Blanchard has completed an inaminer Bianchard has completed an investigation of the books of Treasurer Flynn, of Custer county, and found, it is alleged, a defalcation of \$12,000, all of which has been misappropriated during Treasurer Flynn's term. Flynn had made regular reports to the County Commissioners. His vouchers were filed and examined and the cash actually counted at these periodical sattlements, and they seemed accurate and satisfactory. and they seemed accurate and satisfac tory. The report of Flynn's failure in business led Blanchard to make an ex amination with the above result. It is thought the amount of the Treasurer's shortage can be collected from his bonds-men.

A Great Railroad Project. TOPEKA, KAS., Feb. 25.—A charter was filed here yesterday by the Kear-ney, Hutchinson & Gulf Railroad Com-

ney, Hutchinson & Gulf Railroad Company, whose headquarters are Kearney, Neb., and Beloit, Kas. It proposes to construct and operate a standard gauge line of railroad, with telegraph lines, across the State of Kansas. Its northern terminus will be at Kearney Junction, on the Union Pacific main line. Its southern terminus will be at Galveston, where the deep harbor on the gulf is to be constructed. The length of the line will be 900 miles. THE personal discomfort, and the

THE WORST REALIZED.

Though the Details of the Awful Disaster are Yet Unknown-A List of Thirty-Eight of the Dead.

PRESCOTT, ARIZ., Feb. 25.-The wors ears in regard to the Walnut Grove disaster are more than realized, although particulars come in slowly and are still last night from the upper dam. They say that they camped above the dam on Friday night. At about 1 o'clock on Saturday morning the dam broke, the water running down the narrow steep canyon in a solid body eighty feet high. One man was rescued from the top of a

tree. They state that not even a rem-nant of the dam exists. The immense

Sheriff O'Neil writes from the scene as follows: "The scene of desolation along the Hassayampa river below the sites o

Many County Bridges Washed Away—The River Out of Its Banks. Lima, Оню, Feb. 25. Heavy damages have resulted here from a flood. Many county bridges and the railroad bridge of the Cincinnati & Hamilton were

nine o'clock to-night causing consterna-tion in the small towns and among the farmers. No loss of life yet reported. Great Storm in the South.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 25,-Considerable damage has been to railroad property all over Indiana by heavy rains. In this city and vicinity soveral small bridges have been washed away. Cel-lars are flooded in some parts of the city.

Young Abe Lincoln's Condition. London, Feb. 25.—Abraham Lincoln son of Mr. Robert Lincoln, the United States Minister, is slightly better to-day.

A Practical Suggestion laking Ready for a Change in the Scale PITTSBURGH, PA., Feb. 25.-The various lodges of the Amalgamated Assoalready considering the scale of prices which is to take effect throughout the country in June. The most important change asked for will be an alteration

change asked for will be an alteration in the way of paying roughers in guide mills. They now receive 72½ cents per ton, or one-eighth of the entire cost of running out a ton. They demand one-fifth each, and claim they earn it by the hardest work. Puddlers, also, will ask for an advance of 10 per cent. Many of the lodges will also ask that their sliding scale be based on a more popular kind of iron than bars. Paris, Feb. 25 .- In the vote in the Chamber of Deputies on the proposed amnesty, the 120 Republicans, the whole

Evictions on the Land of the Bankrup Graff-Bennett Iron Company.
Pittsburgh, PA., Feb. 25.—The evictions of tenants on the land of the bank rupt Graff-Bennett Iron Company scenes so often cabled from Ireland Four constables, under orders of an al-Four constances, under orders of an an-derman, and backed by members of the firm of Friend, Hoffstat & Bailey, the purchasers of the property, marched to the scene in a driving rain storm, fol-lowed by a mob of black and white resi-

THROWN OUT OF THEIR HOMES.

lowed by a moo or mace and white teledents.

Every door of the twenty-five in "Little Limerick" was parred. Most of the families were ejected, though omnious growls were frequently heard from the gathered crowd. The firm members say the negotia are squatters, and the ground the people are squatters, and the ground is needed for manufacturing purposes.

TROUBLE THREATENED.

Possible Strike of Section Hands on Three Railroad Lines. SCOTTDALE, PA., Feb. 25.—A strike of all the section hands on the Pennsyl- and injuring thirty workmen, seven of vania, Baltimore and Ohio and Lake Erie lines is likely to take place if the men are not granted an advance by the first of next month. On the Baltimore first of next month. On the Baltimore and Obio road they are receiving \$1.10 for nine hours' work and they desire \$1.50 for ten hours' labor. On the Pennsylvania they are receiving \$1.30 per day. The men are not organized, but a paper is being circulated among them and there are 100 signers already. They claim \$1 10 will not keep themselves and families and the time is approaching when they must look to their interest. It is said that it requires about one repair hand to every three miles of railway track.

The Great Loss of Life By the Walnut Grove Dam Burst,

FIRST REPORTS CONFIRMED

Some Storms in the South.

nant of the dam exists. The immense body of water, one and a half miles square and sixty feet deep, was emptied in an hour. They had talked with many from the smaller dam fifteen miles below who said that up to Saturday evening twenty-five bodies had been recovered, but could give no additional names. The survivors were in the greatest destitution, having neither provisions nor clothing. The camp of workmen engaged in building a flume has not been heard from at all, and it is feared that all are lost. No news has yet been received here from Wickenberg or from the settlements below the dam.

SOME OF THE DEAD.

the Insasyampa river below the sites of the dams is complete. A tornado could not have made such a complete wreck. For miles the waters turned free by the breaking of dams have filled the bed of the creek with bodies and with enorm-ous boulders, trees and every other kind of debris. He gives thirty-eight names of drowned people." FLOOD AT LIMA.

swept away. The Auglaise river, running through Lims, was overflowing at

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 25.—The storm of Monday night worked great destruction with the telegraph service and not a word of direct communication can be had with the South. It is impossible to ascertain anything about the damage done to either wires, houses or people, or even to find out the area covered by the storm.

Despite the improvement in his condi-tion the doctors still consider his case

Young Abraham Lincoln is apparenty near to his last hour. He is breathing very heavily, and is in great pain, and has occasional spasmodic seizures or convulsions. The specialists who have been in consultation are hopeless of his recovery. The doctors have visited him six times to-day. Nevertheless, the wonderful power of recuperation he has hitherto shown is regarded as a point that may yet save him.

Benlin, Feb. 25 .- In the Reichstag, Von Maybach, Minister of Public Works, expressed entire sympathy yesterday rith the request made by Herr Bachems of the Clerical party, that the Govern-ment should promote the running of cheap trains between cities and neigh-boring rural districts to enable work-ingmen to have their homes outside the ingmen to have their homes outside the cities and to go to and fro every day instead of having nomadic lodges in the city. He thought reforms like this the best means of counteracting the actions of the Socialists.

The Government Saved

amnesty, the 120 Republicans, the whole minority, voted against the Government. Cassagnac exclaimed that the Government had been saved by the Right. As a result of the re-election of the Boulangist deputies, the Government has deded to validate the elections of the four not yet acted upon, including the deputy who defeated Ferry.

The Prince Was Present

LONDON, Feb. 25 .- "As you like it," was produced last night by Mrs. Langtry with great success. The Prince of Wales was present and there was present a very fashionable and brilliant audience. Paris, Feb. 25 .- The Duke of Orleans,

who was last night removed from the

conciergerie to the prison at Clairvaux, is treated as a political prisoner. The list of the persons who were permitted to see him has been curtailed.

Powder Explosion exploded yesterday at Clenaga station, suburb of Hayans, destroying a house Noted Sculptor Dead.

The poet is born, not made. The

WE CAN AND DO Guarantee Dr. Acker's Blood Elixir, for it has been fully demonstrated to the people of this country that it is superior to all other preparations for blood discountry that it is a notified and the property of the property

The personal discomfort, and the worry of a constant cough, and the soreness of lungs and throat which usually attend it, are all remedied by Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant, a safe medicine for pulmonary disorders and throat affections, Mwas